

THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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Celman's Resignation

Full Account of How it Was Acted On.

THE DEBATE IN THE CHAMBER.

Great Demonstrations of Joy Over the Late President's Retirement—Some Speculation Upon the New Cabinet and How it Will Likely Be Composed.



JUAN MANUEL CELMAN, LATE PRESIDENT.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Times Buenos Aires correspondent says: After the reading in the chamber of deputies of President Celman's resignation, Gen. Roca invited the members to express their opinions as to the advisability of accepting it.

Gen. Mansilla opposed its acceptance on the ground that such action by the chamber would be an admission of the triumph of the revolution, and of Buenos Aires over the other provinces of the republic. He declared that the action of President Celman in tendering his resignation was culpable toward the country.

Gen. Roca explained that he had sacrificed himself in order to show how utterly impossible it was for Celman to continue in the presidency after the mistakes made by the members of the presidential party. Nobody, he declared, could serve a man who had shown such complete insipidity. He had gravely compromised the country. It was not Buenos Aires alone which opposed President Celman, but every province of the republic. Every honest man was against him.

Gen. Roca's remarks were greeted with applause. The vote on accepting the resignation was taken in dead silence, but when the result was announced showing a majority in favor of accepting it, the chamber resounded with cheers.

Gen. Roca left the chamber in order to escape the joyful demonstrations of those present. There is much rejoicing throughout the city at the success of the movement to force President Celman's resignation.

A meeting of citizens last night was addressed by Dr. Del Valle, who in the course of his address said: "The Argentine Republic is now secure; it will not have a government of robbers."

Telegrams of congratulations at the peaceful settlement of the disturbed condition of affairs are arriving from all parts of the republic, and the public are aroused to a high pitch of enthusiasm. President Pellegrini delivered an address to the people, in which he said the motto of the new government would be justice and liberty. The force which the executive and government will depend upon for their defense is public opinion. The address was received with deafening cheers.

Vicente Fidel Lopez has been appointed minister of finance. Gen. Roca has accepted the ministry of the interior; Senor Eduardo Costa, the foreign ministry; Senor Gutierrez Lasta, the ministry of education, and Gen. Levalle, the ministry of war. There is perfect harmony in the new cabinet. Senor Saez Pena has been elected president of the National Bank.

A deputation of leading citizens waited upon President Pellegrini to offer their congratulations. Public confidence is reviving. Gold is quoted at 125. The banks are closed, but the bourse will be reopened very shortly. Exchanges are rising.

REVOLUTIONISTS ROUTED.

Latest News From the Trouble in Central America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8.—A dispatch from the Guatemalan minister at the city of Mexico stating that Gen. Iruyary, the leader of the revolt against Barillas has been routed by the Guatemalan troops at Palo Gran Eya, has been received by the Guatemalan consul-general at this city.

The dispatch also states that the vice president of San Salvador has organized a government in Salvadoran territory in opposition to that of Ezeta and is being aided by Gen. Muranda, one of the most important men of the republic, and that Ezeta had caused to be shot many people connected with the Rivas movement, among whom were many important personages.

Value of Christopher Columbus. BOSTON, N. Y., Aug. 8.—Yesterday United States Marshal Lake libelled the steamship Ogdan. A few days ago she ran into the fishing smack Christopher Columbus, off Newfoundland, and the owners want \$35,000 damages.

Bridge Jumper's Body Found. BOSTON, Aug. 8.—The body of Bridge Jumper McGaffrey, of Montreal, who last Sunday jumped 130 feet into the river from an East Boston shipyard, was found floating in the water yesterday.

CROP REPORTS.

Ohio, Kansas and Illinois All Report a Short Crop.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 8.—The crop report of the Ohio state board of agriculture, giving the condition of crops up to Aug. 1, has just been issued. The condition of wheat, compared with a full average, is put at 77 per cent., the average date of harvest being July 8.

The report says: "The present report indicates a decline of six points in the wheat prospect since the estimate of July 1. The result of threshing has been a disappointment to farmers in most sections of the state. The yield is not so great as was anticipated from the appearance of the growing grain. Many correspondents report the wheat yield at from a quarter to a third less than was expected. Reports of full or fair yield are very few."

While no estimate was asked this month for corn, correspondents, in their general remarks, refer to corn being badly injured and a poor prospect. The indications are that only from 69 to 73 per cent. of a full crop can be expected. Oats were badly injured by blight or rust. The crop is very short and not of prime quality.

The potato crop will be very short; but little more than a half an average crop can be expected. Pastures have failed rapidly by reason of the continuous dry weather. Hay is a full crop and was harvested in good condition. Apples, peaches and pears almost a total failure.

Short Crop in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 8.—Reports received from about 500 correspondents of the state board of agriculture, representing every county in the state, clearly indicate that the growing crops in every portion of the state have been seriously injured. The severe drought, intense heat and occasional hot winds prevailing throughout the state generally have been the cause of this falling off in corn prospects. Its condition, which one month ago was reported at 80 per cent., is now reported at only 63 per cent. of an average crop. The average wheat yield will be about 23,000,000. The flax area has been greatly increased and the crop is very good. The oats crop, although short, is yielding better than was expected. A yield of from 40 to 70 per acre is reported from a number of counties.

Crops Damaged in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 8.—This bulletin is based on the data returned by the press correspondents of the Illinois state board of agriculture Aug. 1. The last month has been one of intense drought and high temperature, and much damage is being done to growing vegetation of every description. The corn crop and pasturage have suffered in some portions of the state to an alarming extent. Out of the 102 counties in Illinois only four fail to complain of the lack of precipitation and its damaging effect on the growing crops.

ROWING THEM OVER.

Chinamen Still Doing the Sneak Act from Canada.

BUFFALO, Aug. 8.—There seems to be a gang of men on the Canadian side who make a business of rowing Chinamen over the river to the American side. Lee Name and Lee Sing and two other Chinese were arrested Monday morning before they had been in Uncle Sam's domain ten minutes.

Judging from the rates charged for Mongolian importations it must be a profitable business. They were brought from near Victoria and landed under cover of darkness just below Fourth street, but Capt. Collins has been acquainted with this little trick for some time and has kept his officers on guard. The Chinamen were turned over to the custody of United States Deputy Watts and were arraigned before United States Commissioner Hirschbeck on a charge of violating the United States exclusion act. They pleaded not guilty and were held for further examination.

The Mongolians said they paid the man who rowed them over the river of them can speak English quite fluently, he having lived in Boston several years ago. The came by the way of British Columbia and were evidently destined for Boston, thinking they could enter better from Victoria than any other place. This seems to be a regular shipping point for the Chinamen, and it is said many of them are being smuggled into the country daily. Deputy Watts and his officers will make a desperate effort to capture the gang who row Chinamen across the river.

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention at Atlanta Nominates a Ticket.

ATLANTA, Aug. 8.—The State Democratic convention met at 12 o'clock yesterday. Hon. R. L. Bernier in a ringing Democratic speech calling it to order. Hon. W. H. Atkinson, of Coweta county, was elected permanent chairman. Hon. W. J. Northcutt, of Hancock county, was nominated for governor by a unanimous and ringing vote. Gen. Phil Cook was nominated for secretary of state. Gen. A. A. Wright for comptroller-general, and Col. R. H. Hardeston for treasurer. Judge George Lester, of Cobb county, was nominated for attorney general over Hon. Edward Anderson the present incumbent. R. E. Wehbit, of Cherokee county, was nominated for commissioner of agriculture and on the fourth ballot, Gen. E. Anderson, the present incumbent, was re-elected.

The platform adopted was to the effect that the Democratic party of 1888, a strict reliance on the integrity and ability of the party was relied on to correct the existing abuses of government. Governor John B. Gordon and other state house officers were indorsed with pride for their capacity and fidelity in managing the affairs of the state. The convention, after hearing an address from Col. Northcutt, the nominee for governor, adjourned sine die.

Census Office Reports.

The Statistics on the Value of State Given Out.

AN INCREASE IN PRODUCTION.

It Will Amount to Nearly Twice That of the Last Census—Proceedings of the House and Senate—Various Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The census office reports that the total value of all state produced in the United States in 1889 is \$3,444,863. Of this amount \$2,775,271 is the value of 828,990 squares of roofing slate, and \$669,592 is the value of slate for all other purposes besides roofing.

As compared with the statements of the tenth census report of 1880, on stone, the roofing slate product of 1889 is nearly twice as great in number of squares and in value. A consideration of the slates used for other purposes than roofing appears to have been omitted from the tenth census report. The total value of all slate produced in 1889 is more than twice as great as that considered in the tenth census.

According to "mineral resources of the United States, 1888," the total number of squares of roofing slate produced in that year is 682,400, valued at \$2,053,440.

House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The house yesterday adopted a resolution calling on the postmaster general for copies of the agreements for the transportation of mail between the United States and foreign countries, the conditions upon which the awards are made and the rates of payment for the service.

Consideration of the general deficiency bill in committee of the whole was then proceeded with.

Mr. Clunie, of California, offered an amendment, which, after some discussion was adopted, granting an extra month's pay to the employees of the senate and the house.

The bill having been disposed of the committee rose, and the amendments were agreed to accepting the extra month's pay to senate and house employees and then the bill went over until to-day.

A bill was passed making the interstate commerce law applicable to unincorporated express companies. The house then, at 4:50 p. m., adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The senate met at 10 o'clock, but there were only thirty-two senators present at roll call, less than a quorum. After waiting a few moments a quorum was obtained, and after transacting some morning business, the tariff bill was taken up and considerable progress made with the metal schedule. Several propositions to reduce rates advanced by the Democrats were voted down by a strict party vote.

World's Fair Decisions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Comptroller Matthews, of the treasury department, has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the world's fair commissioners are entitled to use the telegraph in connection with public business at government rates; also, that alternate world's fair commissioners are not entitled to allowance for attendance on official meetings of the commission unless their principals are unable to attend.

A Laundryman a Laborer.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The treasury department has informed a correspondent at Geneva, N. Y., that a Chinese laundryman, who had been employed as a laborer, and under the act of Oct. 1, 1888, cannot be permitted to re-land in the United States after visiting his native country.

A Work of Art.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding has instructed the collector of customs at Chicago, to admit free of duty a bronze statue of Carl von Linné, for use in Lincoln park, Chicago.

ODD FELLOWS' PARADE.

About Six Thousand Uniformed Men March Through Chicago's Streets.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Yesterday was the great day of the Patriarchs Militant celebration. All the Patriarchs, the military organizations of the city, and thousands of the brethren of the triple link united in a grand demonstration. In the morning the competition between subordinate lodges was continued at Battery D. In the afternoon the triennial inspection of the Patriarchs took place in Lake Front park. About five thousand men were in line, and made a gorgeous display.

Owing to the dense crowds and evident mismanagement on the part of the officials, the big parade did not get started until about 4:30 o'clock and it was about 5 o'clock when the head of the procession passed the grand stand. It was estimated that between 10,000 and 15,000 men were in line, including about 6,000 uniformed patriarchs.

On the reviewing stand at the Lake Front park were gathered the dignitaries of the state and city, as well as of the L. O. O. F. Nearly 20,000 people also occupied seats in the amphitheater and thousands crowded the parks and streets, windows, balconies and roofs along Michigan avenue. There were so many breaks in the line that the review lasted over two hours. Last night, on the lake front, the third degree of chivalry was conferred, and there were displayed formations by all the cantons, exhibition drilling by the Chicago zonaves and the evening entertainment was concluded by a grand display of fireworks.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Labor Troubles at Cardiff Still Unsettled. Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Although neither Lord Dunraven nor Cardinal Manning has signified his willingness to act as arbitrator in the labor troubles at Cardiff, it is believed that both will be asked to do so by both parties in the dispute, and that they will accept the invitation.

All traffic on the railways and docks at Cardiff has been stopped. The railway directors are making fresh overtures to the men.

Ben. Tillett, the labor leader, addressed an immense meeting of union men in the public square at Cardiff last evening. He counselled the men to remain firm, but to refrain from violent demonstrations, which could only have the effect to weaken their cause.

Already there are signs that the directors of the companies are disposed to compromise on a basis of half what the men demand, but in the matter of the absolute exclusion of non-union men, the principal demand of the employees, the directors are still firm in their refusal to accept dictation or to depart in the slightest degree from their resolve to engage whatever class of men they may choose to employ.

Explained in the Commons.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—In the house of commons yesterday evening Sir James Ferguson stated that no arrangement had yet been made with the Newfoundland delegates. The modes vivendi in regard to lobster fisheries, he said, would expire at the end of the present session.

Regarding the treatment of Jews in Russia, Sir James said that reports had been received from the British ambassador at Petersburg that the Russian government emphatically denies the statement made by the correspondent of The Times in recent dispatches from the Russian capital.

Effect of the London Strike.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Shipping firms say that this part of London has been greatly injured by the recent strikes, that the tendency of the ocean carriage is toward Liverpool, and that steamers which would be discharged and loaded in Liverpool in four days and in London in eight days before the strike, have occupied twelve days since that event. It is claimed that the dock laborers purposely delay work in order to get extra pay for after hours.

A Large Shipment of Dressed Meat.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—A steamer arriving from Auckland yesterday brought a cargo consisting of 40,000 sheep and 2,000 beefs, all dressed and frozen. This is the largest cargo of dressed meat that has ever been brought to England.

Killed by a Bicycle.

MUNICH, Aug. 8.—Yesterday the daughter of Herr Miller, formerly a member of the Bavarian ministry, was struck by a bicycle, while walking in the park, and instantly killed.

A Revolt.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.—A revolt has broken out among the Aleghagars in Candahar. Troops have been dispatched to quell the disturbance.

WHAT THEY THINK OF ELECTRICITY.

Comments of the London Press on Kemmler's Execution.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The papers comment exhaustively on the execution of Kemmler, and all agree as denouncing it as barbarous.

The Telegraph describes it as horrible and atrocious, and adds: "If such a death be recommended for its mercy, electrical execution must be brought to a greater degree of perfection."

The Chronicle says: "Seldom has a narrative more repulsive and horrible shocked public opinion. The ghoulish and the ghastly scene do not compare in point of cold-blooded barbarism with the achievements of modern science in an ill-starred attempt to better the deeds of Jack Ketch."

The Times says: "It is impossible to imagine a more revolting exhibition. We fail to see that electrical execution holds out a prospect of definite gain in the direction of humanity."

The Standard says: "The execution will send a thrill of indignation through the civilized world. The scene may be described as a disgrace to our common humanity. The degrading effect of the scandalous scene upon the people of America cannot be overestimated, they having latterly developed a craze for inhuman levity."

TWO SERIOUS EXPLOSIONS.

Denver, Colorado, Seems to Be Doomed to Such Accidents.

DENVER, Aug. 8.—For the fourth time in as many days an explosion has occurred in this city, which will result fatally. Two explosions occurred yesterday, and both are serious in their nature. At 4 o'clock in the morning a lamp in a Market street lodging house exploded and set fire to the establishment, in which there were fifty people. Wash Donovan was severely burned about the feet and chest, and one arm was cooked and will have to be amputated.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon by the explosion of a gasoline oil can at Twenty-sixth and Franklin streets, A. G. Campbell, superintendent of the Towel company, was enveloped in flames and all but roasted to death in less than thirty seconds, when a blanket was thrown around him and the fire extinguished.

Not Valued as Gold.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 8.—The large ice house at Concord Junction, owned by John E. Morrill, of Charlestown, and containing many hundred of tons of ice were burned last night, entailing a loss of several thousand dollars; insured. The cause of the fire was probably incendiary.

In the State of Ohio.

Interesting News Prepared for the Buckeye Reader.

A DEADLOCK AT CLEVELAND.

The Twentieth District Republican Congressional Convention Ballots Fifty Times Without Placing a Candidate in the Field Other Items of Interest to Ohio Readers.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 8.—The Twentieth district Republican congressional convention met at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in Case hall. Hon. W. B. Gamble, of Akron, chairman of congressional committee, called the convention to order. Hon. L. C. Laylin, of Huron, was made temporary chairman.

Routine business was transacted and the convention adjourned until 2 p. m. Upon reassembling there were seven candidates placed in nomination. They were: Hon. V. A. Taylor, of Cuyahoga county; Judge Tibbels and J. Park Alexander, of Summit; E. G. Johnson and Geo. Giles Shurtliff, of Lorain; H. S. Wickham, of Huron, and Capt. J. R. Burrows, of Lake.

There were 234 delegates present. Cuyahoga county has 72, Summit 54, Lorain 47, Huron 88 and Lake 23. On the first ballot Taylor took the lead and maintained it throughout fifty ballots when the convention adjourned for the day.

Last ballot was as follows: Taylor, of Cuyahoga, 83; Tibbels, of Summit, 44; Wickham, of Huron, 38; Burrows, of Lake, 30; Johnson, of Lorain, 28; Professor Shurtliff, of Lorain, 8.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 8.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state yesterday, as follows: The Sterling Coal and Coke company, \$100,000; Church of Christ of Martial, Marten, Marion county; Daniel Dougherty club, Mount Vernon; National Mutual Fire association, of Akron; Toledo and Island Steamboat company, \$35,000; Potter-Parlin company, Cincinnati, \$300,000; Burton-Bundle company, \$15,000; Massillon Stoneware company, \$20,000; Youngstown Paving Brick company, increase from \$9,000 to \$20,000; London Home and Savings company, increase from \$100,000 to \$500,000; Trustees of Brethren's Book and Tract work, of the German Baptist Brethren church, in the United States and foreign countries.

Three Tickets Will Be Nominated.

CARROLLTON, O., Aug. 8.—This district will give 4,000 Republican majority. The Republicans nominated Col. Joseph D. Taylor.

The Democratic convention will be held in Steubenville about the second Wednesday in September.

The prohibitionists will probably hold a convention and nominate a candidate. There is talk of Rev. I. S. Hahn, pastor of the German Reformed church in this place, as their candidate. Rev. Hahn made the prohibition race in the McKinley district six years ago.

Shot by His Playmate.

CADIZ, O., Aug. 8.—Norris Garvin, a son of a prominent attorney, accidentally shot and instantly killed Roy Merrick, 6-year-old son of Professor Merrick, of the public schools and formerly connected with the Xenia orphan home.

A DISPLAY FROM BRAZIL.

South America Will Be Well Represented at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Mr. A. M. Gibson, in a letter to the world's fair headquarters from Rio Janeiro, suggests that the managers of the world's Columbian exposition should at the earliest practicable date begin the propaganda in its favor throughout South America, and particularly should it be directed toward Brazil, the most important in extent, population and wealth of the South American countries.

The probable establishment of a fast line of steamships direct between New York and Rio Janeiro under the aid to rapid and frequent ocean mail service to be granted by congress, in accordance with the recommendations of the Pan-American conference, will, he says, enable the Brazilians to visit the world's Columbian exposition at Chicago with comfort and at a very great saving of time and that he doubts not the opportunity will be embraced by thousands.

He urges the advisability of the Columbian exposition people taking immediate steps leading to the spreading of information among the people of his country regarding the attractions which Chicago will afford visitors, and make known to them the reasons of travel between the eastern seaboard and the western metropolis and the wonders to be seen en route; and that it is of the first importance that the government of Brazil should be spurred to a realization of the necessity that it make at Chicago a display commensurate with the great advantages Brazil and the Brazilian people will derive therefrom; that his familiarity with all the great world's exposition enables him to say that Brazil has never made a display in any sense worthy of its wonderful and vast resources.

Many who wanted to fight Indians. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8.—Police officers have arrested Fred Schmitt and Joseph Sussel, two young lads from Brooklyn, N. Y., who were on their way to Texas to fight Indians. The youngsters each had a small amount on their person. Tickets to Houston, Tex., were found in their hats. They admit to stole money from their parents. They will be held until the police authorities of Brooklyn will be heard from.

PRISON REVOLT.

The Convicts in the Massachusetts Penitentiary Attempt to Escape.

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—A general riot took place at the state prison yesterday. The trouble was a culmination of the difficulties attendant upon the enforcement of the Berrillon system of measuring and photographing the prisoners, aggravated by the attempted escape of "Chicken" Walsh, his recapture and subsequent punishment.

At 2:45 the men stopped work in the workshops, and with a terrific and general yell broke out. Windows and furniture were broken and the men rushed into the yard, and the entire crowd dashed for the various walls. The guards on the fences fired at first, to terrify the men, but as several nearly gained the top of the wall, the bullets were aimed to kill.

The prisoners were especially violent in the north and south wings which overlook the streets. A large crowd gathered around the prison and aided to the disturbance by their cries. Several prison officers were assaulted by the convicts and severely injured. Three or four convicts are now in the hospital with crushed skulls received while desperately resisting the officers. The strike was preconcerted and was to have taken place at 1 p. m., but was postponed. "Chicken" Walsh was the ringleader.

In an interview with Warden Russell last night he said the fight was the most serious that had taken place at the prison for many years. He expected trouble yesterday and had police in readiness should any outbreak occur in the afternoon. He felt morally certain that the crisis was at hand and the police were in readiness for a summons.

At 8 o'clock it came from the harness shop, where over 1,000 men were employed. Warden Russell at once hurried to the shop, which was in great confusion, and called upon those peacefully disposed to retire to their cells. About seventy-five men complied. The others, however, endeavored to reach the work in an attempt to escape. Capt. Gaskins and forty-five officers now appeared, and after a short struggle the prisoners were gotten under lock and key.

The warden has seventy-eight men locked in strong cells. They will be kept on bread and water until they express their willingness to obey the rules of the prison.

During the confusion in the harness shops a fire was started by some of the prisoners but was quickly extinguished. It is thought that the plan of the prisoners was to start a fire and in the excitement when the outer gates were opened to admit the fire department and make a break for liberty.

Robbers' Harvest at Newport, R. I.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 8.—Another robbery occurred last evening at the residence of Edward F. Knowlton, of Brooklyn, when the family were at dinner, the thieves forcing a second entry into the house and escaping unseen and unheard. Mrs. Knowlton places her loss at \$8,000, every bit of jewelry, including watches, necklaces, rings, pins and hairpins, except what was upon her person, being cleaned out. Another robbery, amounting to \$2,500, is said to have taken place last night, but particulars cannot be learned.

Old Age or Heart Failure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—John Erhardt, father of Collector Joel B. Erhardt, died at his home, No. 60 Monroe street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon of heart failure. He was 69 years old.

PRICES CURRENT.

Review of the Stock, Money and Cattle Markets for Aug. 7.

Money on call, loaned at 6 7/8 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4; actual rates, 48 1/4 @ 48 1/2 for sixty days, and 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4 for demand.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

The following were the 4 p. m. figures: Atchison..... 4 1/4 Mich. Cent..... 98 1/2 C. C. & C..... 103 N. Y. Central..... 107 1/2 C. C. & St. L..... 110 Northwestern..... 110 1/2 Del. & Hudson..... 165 Ohio & Miss..... 23 1/2 C. & W..... 145 1/2 Pacific Mail..... 23 1/2 Erie..... 35 1/2 Rock Island..... 89 1/2 Lake Shore..... 102 1/2 St. Paul..... 71 1/2 L. & N..... 85 West Union..... 83 1/2 Cincinnati.

WHEAT—\$1.07 1/2.

CORN—47 1/2 @ 48 1/2.

Wool—Unwashed fine merino, 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2; black cloth, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2; medium delaine and clothing, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2; braid, 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2; medium clothing, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2; fleece-washed fine merino, X and XX, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2; medium clothing, 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2; delaine, 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2.

ATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3.50 @ \$3.75; fair, \$2.50 @ \$3.25; common \$1.25 @ 2.00.

HOGS—Selected butchers' and heavy shipping, \$3.90 @ \$4.00; fair to good packing, \$3.60 @ \$3.80; common to rough packing, \$3.00 @ \$3.50; fair to good light, \$3.50 @ \$3.80; pigs, \$3.00 @ \$3.50.

SHEEP—\$2.50 @ \$3.00; LAMBS—\$2.25 @ \$2.50.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, \$4.00 @ \$4.50; good, \$4.10 @ \$4.30; fair, \$3.50 @ \$3.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 @ \$3.00; bulls, steers and fat cows, \$2.25 @ \$2.50.

HOGS—Cornfed Yorkers and tops, \$3.50 @ \$4.00; grassers, \$3.50 @ \$3.80; roughs, \$2.50 @ \$3.00.

SHEEP—Extra, \$4.50 @ \$4.75; good, \$4.00 @ \$4.25; fair, \$3.50 @ \$3.75; common, \$1.50 @ \$2.00; yearlings, \$3.00 @ \$3.25.

SPRING LAMBS—\$3.50 @ \$5.25.

Chicago.

HOGS—Light, \$3.55 @ \$3.85; mixed, \$3.50 @ \$3.75; heavy, \$3.45 @ \$3.80.

CATTLE—Extra heavy, \$4.50 @ \$4.90; steers, \$2.50 @ \$4.00; mixed, \$1.25 @ \$3.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.10 @ \$3.15.

SHEEP—\$3.50 @ \$3.75; LAMBS—\$2.50 @ \$3.50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 red winter, \$1.00 1

The Marion Daily Star.

Published Every Day Except Sunday

W. G. HARDING.

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Delivered by Carrier.....10 Cts. per Week
FRIDAY, AUGUST 8

CHANGE OF CARRIERS.

Subscribers of the STAR will please note the change of carriers of the paper. Master Willie Muntlinger succeeds Earl Wilson on east Center, east South and Mt. Vernon avenue. Orrie Hensley will have the East Marion delivery formerly in charge of Willie Muntlinger. Master Fred Myers now carries the north Main, north West and intersecting streets. We notice these changes that patrons may know whom to pay and that they may report omissions that are likely to occur until the routes are well learned. Those, too, who are in arrears will accommodate the boys by squaring up, that the new ones may start out properly.

A BETTER PRISON.

Bids Opened and Accepted For New Cells In the City Prison.

As advertised the bids for constructing cells for the city prison were received until 12 o'clock today. Bids from three companies were received and opened by Messrs. Roberts, Blake and Fairbanks, the committee appointed to open the bids and let the contract. The plans and details from each of the companies were gone over and it was found that Lane Brothers, of Newark, Ohio, were the lowest bidders. Their bid was \$680 for 6 cells, made of iron, or \$580 for 5 cells. The other bids were from the VanDorn Iron Co., of Cleveland, and the Champion Iron Fence Co., of Kenton, O.

Each of the companies had a representative here, and it took some little time for them to explain the merits of their cells, but as the Lane Brothers put in the lowest bid and have an excellent cell, it was given to them, their figures being about \$13 lower than the Champion Iron Fence Co.

The contract calls for 5 iron cells with attachments. A bond of \$1000 was filed by the contractor, to insure the completion of the prison according to the specifications. Work on them will be commenced at once and they will be put in place as soon as finished.

A Word About Printing.

In a city like this there is a very considerable amount of job printing. The newspaper offices have the larger job printing plants and carry large and expensive stocks. In competition with them are the little job printing offices whose proprietors solicit work until their tireless calls often secure orders as the only relief from annoyance. At the same time they make pretenses about cheaper prices. There is nothing in it. Patrons in the printing line may well consider who deserves their orders. The newspapers are called upon regularly for free notices that are not in the line of news, but which they accept without pay and often without thanks. If people, who enjoy these courtesies and secure kind notices that are no more like news than vermin from the Koran, want to come anywhere near a reciprocity of favors they will patronize the newspaper job offices. The newspaper does so much without reward that opportunities in the line of job work ought to be accepted to show some appreciation. We do not speak for ourselves alone. The newspaper offices here employ large forces of men and spend more than \$1000 per month among employees. So, prices being equal and work generally better, the newspaper offices deserve the preference, and people considering the proprieties of courtesy as well as their own interests will give it to them. Of the newspaper offices we recommend the Star, of course. Work from the Star job rooms is as good and as cheap as can be found anywhere.

A Birthday Party.

A highly enjoyable surprise party was given Mrs. J. G. Trefz, on Park street, Thursday night. During the week Mrs. Trefz was unwell and her 33d birthday, and was desiring to spend a week in the country. Her husband called a bogus telegram into service to keep her at home and Thursday night, while Mrs. Trefz was at church, about 75 friends gathered at the house. All was quiet when Mrs. Trefz came home and she was suddenly and unexpectedly ushered into this lively crowd of guests, to her greatest possible surprise. For some time she could not gain her composure, but later on became an excellent hostess through the pleasant hours that followed.

After a supper that was worthy of the great praise bestowed upon it, Jacob Berry, on behalf of the guests, presented Mrs. Trefz with a handsome push rocker and a lamp. After that the eminent Knight of the Golden Eagle, M. Stoll, led the merry-making, and a joyous time prevailed.

Death at Cochranton. Mrs. Elmer Kerr, living at Cochranton, died at an early hour Friday morning of typhoid fever. Deceased had only been married about a year and was well known in the vicinity in which she lived, and was esteemed by all. Her death was a sad shock to her husband and a host of friends. Her funeral will occur Saturday, 2 p. m., from the residence.

—Miss Mina Greek returned to her home in Prospect today, after visiting a few days with Miss Ava Wilson.

BIG FOUR EXCURSION

To Niagara Falls and Lake Chautauque. Only \$4.00 Round Trip with \$1.00 Ad. ditional to Toronto.

On August 19 the old reliable Big Four Route (C. C. & St. L. Ry.) will run one of their famous low-rate Niagara Falls, Lake Chautauque, and Toronto excursions, which have done so much to make their route popular with our people for years past. No other line gives such careful attention to excursion business or is as well equipped to satisfactorily conduct it as the Big Four Route, and the large numbers who always turn out and go with their excursions each succeeding year show the popularity of the line over all other routes.

Their regular excursion agent will accompany the special excursion train through to the Falls, looking after every detail and making the most favorable arrangements for entertaining the party whilst there, presenting the different points of interest in the most attractive manner.

Niagara Falls is a natural attraction one never tires of seeing, and the opportunity of crossing Lake Ontario by steamer from Lewiston, visiting Toronto, or making a trip down the St. Lawrence River, at the slight additional expense, should be improved.

Stop-over privileges will be allowed at Lake Chautauque on all excursion tickets.

We trust everybody who can possibly do so will make their arrangements to join the Big Four Excursion August 19th.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 23, Pittsburgh 17.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, New York 4.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 11, Boston 5.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 16, Chicago 4.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston 4, New York 2.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 3, Buffalo 10.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 5, Philadelphia 4.

At Chicago—Chicago 18, Cleveland 4.

At Toledo—Toledo 11, Rochester 6.

At Louisville—Louisville 7, Brooklyn 2.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 8, Syracuse 3.

IN LEAK.

A broker stepped out of the Broad street door of the Stock Exchange recently, apparently after having made some money. He espied a little mate of a ragged newsboy not three feet high, and a philanthropic notion took possession of him. He caught up the little bunch of rags, and carrying it to a cigar stand procured an empty cigar box. This he placed in the ragged boy's hands. Then the broker dashed into the Exchange with a wild whoop that directed general attention to him. Instantly he was surrounded by a crowd, and Broker Dick Halstead threw a coin into the box, seized the boy, passed him to J. W. Bass, who also passed him on after dropping a contribution into the box.

Coin and bills began to rain into it. The Sugar trust crowd was invaded, then the New England crowd, and the pile of money in the box grew rapidly. The yells, the sight of the money and the general novelty of his trip were beyond the little fellow's comprehension. He simply stared blankly. Finally he was released. There must have been \$50 in the box. He shot out of the exchange, and was last seen running up Nassau street, hugging the box tightly to his breast. Who he was, where he lived, or what he would do with his fortune no one knew.—New York Times

Grand Entertainment.

Exemplification of the temperance work at Music Hall, Tuesday evening, August 12. The work is entirely new and has never been given before, except twice in the city of Columbus, and is divided into five parts, as follows:

The rescue of the drunkard, the fight of faith, the encouragement of hope, the blessings of pure charity and the final triumph of right. To conclude with a tableau, "The Crowning of the Rescued."

The above to be exemplified by twenty characters in real life. The public is cordially invited. Admission 15 cents. Tickets on sale at L. H. Flocken & Co.'s and J. W. Headley's drug stores.

The Ladies Delighted.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effective in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

Eloped With a Young Girl.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 8.—George L. Brown, otherwise known as Lee Brown, a prominent local Templar, is reported to have eloped with Agnes L. Hall, aged 17. The girl has been missing for two weeks. Brown is married, but separated from his wife some time ago.

Adjourned Without Action.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The meeting of the joint committee of the Fire & Marine Insurance Association and the Central Traffic Association adjourned yesterday to reconvene at Chicago on Aug. 11. All pending questions were deferred until that time.

Savannah Epilepsies.

FRANKFORT, Ind., Aug. 8.—Early yesterday morning John Jacoby's servant, at Mulberry, exploded, killing Engineer William Shewmaker and wounding John Jacoby, Allen Jacoby, Mont. Rose and two children of Alfred Collins.

OBITUARY.

MERITT—At his late residence in Claridon township, some five miles east of Marion, O., Friday, Aug. 1, 1890. Mr. Caleb Meritt, aged 70 years, 9 months and 11 days.

He was born in Orange county, New York, Oct. 20, 1819, and came with his parents to Ohio in 1830, settling in Medina county, where they lived some eight years and then moved to Grand Prairie township in this county, thence to Scott township where his father died. He was united in marriage Dec. 1, 1843, to Miss Prudence Walker. To them were born two sons and six daughters, all of whom are left to mourn his loss. He was industrious and economical in his business, just and upright in all his dealings with his fellow men, a good neighbor, an affectionate husband, and a kind father. He was nearly always at home except when called away by business. About 35 years ago he united with the M. E. church at the Claridon school house, which church relationship he held as long as the church was in existence. In his last illness he was confined to his bed for more than seven months, during which time he suffered a great deal, but, nevertheless, he bore his sufferings with patience and fortitude, and as the end drew near he expressed himself as resigned to the Lord's will.

A precious one from us has gone,
A voice we loved is hushed,
A place is vacant in our home,
Which never can be filled.

God in His wisdom has recalled,
The one we love to his reward,
That though the body moulders here,
The soul is safe in Heaven.

The funeral services were held at the residence, Sunday, Aug. 3, Rev. W. F. Cranston officiating, assisted by Rev. Henry H. Heston, a large assembly of friends and neighbors being present. After the services the remains were taken to and deposited in the Marion vault.

DeCEASED.

Hot and still dry.
Alce Brady is keeping back.
Rice Harper's new house is under way.
Jimmie Main is clerking at Lingo's store, LaRue.

That little rain we do not want of good.
Will and Emil Eckert went to Lima Saturday.

S. D. Southwick, of Agosta, was on our streets Wednesday.

Jacob Treese and wife, of Green Camp, visited at Elmer Mayfield's Monday and Tuesday.

We feel thankful for small favors but the rain Monday was too short.

H. E. Petty, a citizen of DeCliff for several years, will probably move to Michigan this fall.

The DeCliff C. and A. night office has been opened again with George Hollett, of Indiana, at the key.

The Scott Town Sunday school picnic promises to be as interesting as ever. They expect a big crowd.

Link Morris is erecting a fine wind pump with pipe connection to supply water for his stock.

Quite a number of our young folks attended the picnic in Jones grove near LaRue, Thursday.

Ellis Brown and wife will shortly start on a visit West, reaching Omaha, Nebraska, before returning.

Uncle Oliver Church will rent out his fine farm adjoining town and retire from active business this fall.

DeCliff and Scott town still want telephone connections, and will pay liberally for same, but we should not be taken as first national banks.

The Senate should pass or reject the McKinley bill at once or quit business and go home. The people are getting tired waiting.

E. E. Brown, of Agosta, left via the C. and A. Thursday, for an extended visit through the West, including Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha and Kansas City.

The long and continued dry and hot weather will cut the corn and potato crop extremely short, and those commodities will be high the next year.

Mrs. Will Burley and daughter are visiting at Paterson, O., this week. In the meantime Bill, himself, is cooking his own grub.

Judging from talk we hear from trainmen on the C. and A., we learn that the old C. and A. Co. will buy the road in on the 12th. We however think the Erie will be the next owner.

We see by the STAR that our friend Copeland thinks the prohibitionists are failing. We predict three years ago that the party would not be known in American politics inside of five years.

We were down to Agosta the other night and see that the railroad station is still in existence, notwithstanding the bluff the Big Four people give the citizens relative to its abandonment.

We already hear a great many people figuring on going to the World's Fair at Chicago in '92. If this dry weather keeps up we intend to commence to figure on something to eat for the next two years.

Generally speaking our farmers are discouraged for the outlook for corn. A great many say it is past redemption now and possibly the potatoes also. The prospect certainly is not bright, yet a good heavy soaking rain may work wonders for the corn if it should fortunately come.

Aug. 6. JOE SPIES.

Brush Ridge.

We were visited with quite a refreshing shower Saturday the 2nd inst., followed by a heavy rain upon the 4th inst. which has saved our corn crop from drying up, and brightening the countenance of many a downcast farmer.

The oats crop, according to the virtue of threshers, will be less than 50 per cent. of an average.

Comunion services were held at the Free-Will Baptist church last Sabbath, also praise meeting the same evening.

Mr. C. C. Cox wife and child, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, after visiting with Robert Ewart, of Marion, and W. H. Bozoe, of the Ridge, returned home Monday.

Saturday evening and Sabbath next, at 10 o'clock a. m., Rev. Tulloss, of Knox county, will preach at the first Baptist church.

The proposed pike road from the Hood school house to the county line was surveyed last Tuesday. The distance is a little over three miles.

Aug. 6. AXON.

Our Friend The Red Bat.

If you would quickly and permanently rid your body of bugs, put a small box of ROUGH ON BATS in a pint bottle of beer, shake well and use. Double the mixture into the cracks, crevices, holes and openings of the bedstead. It will turn their legs up rapidly. Then mix another small box of ROUGH ON BATS through with a quart of beer, and wash with this mixture all holes, openings, cracks and crevices in the bed. These two methods are warranted to never fail, to be effective and lasting. Cut this out for directions.

BRIC-A-BRAC NOVELTIES.

Manicure trays and implements in smoked ivory have been introduced.

Paper pulp, which looks like frozen or petrified foam, is cut into layers, painted in garlands and used as dinner cards.

Orchids simulated in paper and admirably imitating these wonderful things, both in form and color, are used for dinner cards.

Serres and Dresden plates, brass mounted, are used as background for branching side lights, or appliques, as they are called in France.

Russian belts, a sort of glorified rainbow hued gold tape, are introduced and are worn with gorgeous Russian enameled silver buckles.

Sandal and violet are the two fragrant woods used in fans. These are carved in exquisite forms, garlands and lattice work, inlaid with gold.

Some of the fans are made of painted glass. The work is exquisite, consisting of Cupids, goddesses, nymphs, shepherdesses, blue ladies and garlands.

Blue Delft bird cages are pretty fancy. Candelsticks are built up of sections of blue Delft with brass mounts. There are also quaint pictures of old Dutch towns in this ware for halls.

Pearl mounts are formed like long graceful columns twisted with garlands, and sparkle with inlays of gold and silver. These fans are so fragile that the sticks are carried here and there to the top.

The golden rod is vindictive its right to consider the national flower by appearing conspicuously in great golden bunches on fans of black gauze, and makes a fine and sumptuous appearance.

Umbrellas and parasols almost rank as works of art. The imitations of silver in cheap umbrellas have not discouraged the use of the real metal, which is more popular and more artistic every season.

One fan shows through perforations metallic blue inlays, which suggest a moonlit sky. Others have inlays of steel in gray, full forms. These fans are the fan ways to and fro with lovely effect.

Imitations of old blue Delft ware are introduced for country houses. They appear in such forms as wall jardiniere, that is to say, with flat backs. Sometimes these are basket shaped, and are very pretty.

Kalemones are in demand for country house decoration. These are the Japanese oblong paintings on paper which take the place of oil and water color paintings in the western world, and in their color and adaptation of natural forms are worth all admiration.

The briarwood pipe is the pipe of the hour and comes in numerous forms. The frequent portrait of the late Emperor Frederick seems to show that the carrying is done in Germany. A favorite bowl has a thorny aspect. Some of the forms are fanciful, such as dancing bears, or a child seated in an upturned umbrella.—Jewelry Circular.

THE TURF.

The late marriage of Hastings once lost \$500,000 on a single race.

Many people in the eastern states think that Tournament is a better horse than The Bard ever was.

Spokane, the American Derby winner in 1889, who broke down at Washington park not long ago, has been retired to the stud.

Salvator was named for a favorite butler of the father of Mrs. J. B. Haggin. Teeny gets his name from David Teny Palsifer, his owner.

When being cooled out Sunol has a fashion of stopping in her walk, looking around and then starting forward. Mand S. has the same habit, and she is always humored.

A. J. Cassatt has practically gone out of the turf actively. He is not racing any horses this season, he never bets and is about to sell his yearlings. His position as president of the Monmouth association is merely an honorary one.

The Italian government has bought the stallion Melton, the English Derby winner, for \$50,000. He is in Italy have lacked fine strains for a long time, and such as they have is Arabian. The importation of English racing stock is thus an important matter.

Old Tattler, owned by W. Lakeland, of Brighton beach fame, is not only a remarkable racer because he has been on the turf many years, and of his victories on the flats and over jumps, but he is probably the most competent stallion living out of a Glencoe mare.

No one is allowed to view the races from the inside of the new Monmouth park. The management assigns as a reason that it is to avoid the formation of hard paths across the tracks, which have often been found to do damage to horses' legs as they suddenly strike on them.

Orrin Hickok declares that he is always afraid of a trotter to which a fast record has been given by a green hand at the business, as it has been his experience that in such cases the horse is usually pretty well knocked out by the system pursued and the inevitable weak spot made worse.

The contract between G. R. Tompkins and Jockey Stoval has been dissolved, both parties agreeing to separate. The jockey was the cause of much trouble last spring in consequence of two claimants for his services, and he will doubtless ride on the "outside" for the remainder of the season.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

It is proposed to photograph the songs of birds and afterward write them down in score.

The electric spark has been photographed by means of a special camera, in which the sensitive plate rotated 2,500 times a minute.

A luminous bug has been invented, the light for which is produced by phosphorescent of calcium, and is visible two and a half miles away.

Electrically deposited copper is so ductile that it can be drawn down until it resembles the finest hair, and thus, too, without annealing.

A grand turning cupola, eight meters in diameter, is to be erected in a Vatican garden for covering the photogrammetric instrument which is to be used in connection with mapping out the stars.

A search light now costs about \$50,000 and weighs 1,000 pounds. A new search light weighing 130 pounds of 400 candle power and said to be able to penetrate the thickest fog for the distance of one-half of a mile, costs less than \$500.

An explorer who has been collecting specimens from the sea bottom and also watching the life of marine animals, says that a diving suit, as he exports, shows that it is necessary to sink with the body inclined forward at an angle of forty-five degrees.

CONCLUDING NEW IN Dress Goods.



No Use in Crying.

"Did it hurt much, Willie, when the horse stepped on your foot?"

"Yep. Hurt like it was going to take the foot clear off."

"And I suppose you cried hard?"

"Nope. Wasn't anybody in sight to hear me, and I wasn't going to waste any belterin' on an old horse."—Chicago Tribune.

Faithless.

Official to refractory convict—What do you mean by attempting to escape?

Convict—Escape! Why, yer told me I could leave if I wanted ter!

Official—What?

Convict—Didn't yer say yesterday that if I didn't like the Fed in here I could go without?—American Grocer.

A Cruel Disclosure.

Mrs. Dearfriend—Is Mrs. Chumley at home this afternoon?

New Servant—Yessum! but she ain't seeing anyone today.

"Why, I hope my dear Clara is not ill?"

"Nottum! but she's sent her teeth down town to have them filled."—Boston Times.

A Dressed Doctor.

"That doctor is the most dressey physician I ever saw."

"You think so?"

"Yes. Every time he goes out on his visits he looks as if he had just come out of a bandbox."

I see. Dressed to kill."—Boston Courier.

Satisfactorily Arranged.

Hostess (to tardy guest)—I'm so glad to have you come; but you will have to take your chances for a seat.

Tardy Guest—Never mind the seat. Besides, you were kind enough in inviting me to call upon you to tell me that I had a standing invitation.—Philadelphia Press.

A Wise Answer.

Would Be Factious Teacher—Boys, there is an old saying that if you give a man an inch he will take an ell. Now, can you tell me what would be the result if you were to give a man a foot?

Small but Bright Boy—He would kick.—New York Tribune.

A Parlor Tip.

Philadelphia Belle (at summer resort)—I do not see why it is I am so unpopular among these Chicago society people.

Traveler Friend—I'll tell you why. It is because you insist on asking 'them about their grandfathers.—New York Weekly.

One from the National Capital.

"Listen," said the musician, "to the delicate intonation of the mosquito's singing. Don't you recognize a musical novelty there?"

"Yes, by Jove! a new accidental—a Potomac flat."—Washington Post.

For Cholera, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Inflammation of the Bowels or Colic.

Take internally from five to ten drops of Darby's Prophylactic Fluid in a tablespoonful of water every hour or two till improvement takes place. There is no danger in taking more of it and more frequently if occasion requires. In chronic cases, or when the stomach refuses to retain anything else, use injections of the Fluid and water. We have never known a case that did not readily yield to such treatment, and it saved the lives of many.

HOOD'S SANSAPARILLA

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar and powerful curative powers. No To itself

Peculiar Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar and powerful curative powers. No To itself

other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

1899.

MARION COUNTY BANK

CAPITAL, \$100,000.00.

Add to this cash capital the individual liability of

J. S. REED, R. H. JOHNSON, HENRY TRUB.

And you have the strongest Bank for its conservative business, as well as the oldest in the State.

Depositors accommodated in all ways at legal interest. Loans promptly made on any part of Europe. Guaranty banks on our notes. Money sent out of the reach of panics. Fifty years under the same management.

REEDY TRUB, Cashier.

BRINKERHOFF SYSTEM OF RECTAL TREATMENT.



Marion, O., on

And on Thursday every four weeks thereafter. Address all communications to Dr. Brinkerhoff & Thorp, 80 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.

THE ONLY Perfect Substitute for Mother's Milk.

INVALUABLE IN CASES OF DIARRHOEA AND TETANUS.

A Quickly Assimilated Food FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

TRADE MARK—LARGEST MARK.

FOOD

DR. BRINKERHOFF'S

Dr. Brinkerhoff's Food is a scientific and carefully prepared substitute for mother's milk, used for infants in private practice with success, and for the general use of the people. It is a perfect food, and a special cure for the disease known as "Colic" or "Wind" in the stomach. It is a

A UNIQUE INSTITUTION.

It is likened to "a Special of Milk in an Ocean of Ink."

(Special Correspondence.)
New York, Aug. 4.—A sprig of milk in an ocean of ink. One cannot help feeling that that is what the girls' college settlement away down on Rivington street, in the heart of the east side, is like.

One must admire the sublime courage, the firm faith and the wonderful patience of the little group of young women who are doing their best to make a life for themselves in the region of narrow streets and tall tenements from which they are patiently trying to teach the poor and the wretched how to live, and how to put more comfort and more happiness into their lives.

Three brave, winsome girls, two pleasant nuns, a sea of hopeless poverty, hundreds of saloons, unimaginable wretchedness, ignorance and vice.

The methods they are employing are much the same as those which have been tested already in the east side philanthropic work by the Neighborhood Guild, a society of college men on Forsyth street, a few blocks away. Both endeavors are modeled, as nearly as their limited means allow, after the famous Toynbee hall, of London, the original of Robert Elsmere's East End achievements.

The young women went quietly to work, saying as little as possible about the philanthropic side of their endeavor, and trying merely to establish themselves in the neighborhood they had chosen and make acquaintance among its women and children. They were just a little household, the members of which were out every day and earned their own living, and the evening were glad to meet in their own pleasant rooms the people around them who wanted to have somewhere to go. They began their experiment the first of last October, and now they have formed several little clubs which meet at their house. The children sing and play games, and have pretty stories read to them, and are told how to take care of themselves, and all enjoy the little talks immensely. The women's meetings are made bright and pleasant and interesting, as well as instructive. They learn how to take better care of their babies, how to look after the welfare of their older children, a little more closely how to make their homes more cleanly and pleasant with the meager wages their husbands earn. But the young women try particularly to put into the lives of these poverty stricken people a little more brightness and interest, and so give them some heart to attempt to struggle upward.

The little girls learn to sew, and are encouraged to bestow a little care upon their personal appearance, an example that soon affects their mothers also. The young women have fitted up in their basement some hot baths, which a placard over the area door announces are for women and children, at five cents each—for it is one of the principles of the settlement not to give charity. The young women think they will do more good by encouraging a feeling of independence and self reliance than by any amount of giving. It is char-



SCENE ON RIVINGTON STREET, NEW YORK. After they wish to influence rather than immediate material surroundings. They aim to develop self respect, and to show those whom they are able to reach how to satisfy the promptings of their new spirit.

This same principle of "no charity" is characteristic of all the recent philanthropic east side efforts. It is adhered to by the Neighborhood Guild even more rigidly than by the Rivington street settlement. The Guild has a membership fee for each of its clubs, an admission fee for their theatrical entertainments and amusement evenings, and is almost self supporting. It has been in existence about three years, and has grown so flourishing that it lately moved into larger and more commodious quarters. Both Miss Fine and Miss Robbins, the leading spirits in the girls' settlement, assisted in the work of the Guild almost from its start, and although they call their own work "an experiment too young to furnish any proof as to whether or not it will succeed" they have seen their principles and methods already put to the test.

The house in which the young women have started their settlement is an old fashioned three story brick, with a short flight of stone steps leading up to the front door, away down on Rivington street. Near by street are supposed to live some of the wretchedest poverty and most hopeless vice to be found in this whole big city. But the region directly around their place is comparatively decent, and if it were tried by Mulberry Bend standards would doubtless be pronounced wealthy and aristocratic. But its people are quite as poor and as wretched as any ordinary philanthropist would want to deal with.

The double parlors, which occupy nearly the whole of the first floor, are the meeting rooms of the several classes and clubs which have already been formed. They are furnished very plainly but comfortably with wooden chairs and rockers of antique oak, a lounge, a table or two covered with books and papers and a piano. A bright fire sparkles in the grate, and the space on each side of it the length of the room is fitted up with bookshelves, crowded with books, and covered with dark red curtains. There are large rugs on the floor and a pretty Madras curtain at the windows.

NYM CRINKLE'S BOOK.

"The Toilet Cup," a Novel Written by the Famous Dramatic Critic.

(Special Correspondence.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Mr. A. C. Wheeler has been for many years a writer for the press, and has gained something of a reputation as a dramatic critic. He is better known by his own name, Nym Crinkle, than by his own name, Nym Crinkle, an epigrammatic writer and has some gifts of analysis, although his capacity for genuine analytical criticism hardly justifies his reputation in that regard. His epigrams are neat, terse and sometimes cutting, but they are not written with the art which conceals the labor bestowed in formulating them. He seems to have been a close student of the French school of criticism, and some of his critiques have been really brilliant.

Some years ago Mr. Wheeler undertook to create a drama which should be constructed in accordance with his dramatic ideas. The play was well heralded, and Mr. Lester Wallack produced it. No expense was spared either in getting a cast or in stage mounting, but the play was a failure, and Mr. Wallack pocketed a loss of \$10,000, it is said, and in doing so declared that he had paid that much for the discovery that a critic was not necessarily a creator.

Mr. Wheeler has just written a novel. It is called "The Toilet Cup." Before it appeared its coming excited some interest, because it was thought Mr. Wheeler would write a novel on the lines of careful and subtle analysis, which is his habit in writing his critiques. It was thought that the book would abound in epigrams and would sparkle with wit. In this respect, however, the work is a disappointment. Mr. Wheeler has constructed an old time romance. It is full of plot, mystery, and every page teems with action. It is a story in part of detective action, and might be called a melodrama of today. It is just the kind of novel which Mr. Wheeler would be expected not to write. G. P. R. James, or the adventurous Reynolds, or possibly Ned Brantley, who was in his way the prince of romancers, would have written a novel like "The Toilet Cup," but it is something of a marvel to find that Mr. Wheeler has done so; yet in one respect the book represents his theory. He believes in realism in fiction, but he thinks that in fiction, as in life, it is the unusual, unique and startling developments of human nature that interest and excite men, and not the every day monotony with which Mr. Howells deals.

"The Toilet Cup" ought to please those who look for exciting adventure, and in many of its pictures of contemporary life it is very accurate. Mr. Wheeler has boldness of thought to be a modern prejudice against long stories, for this one is of unusual length, and is, moreover, printed in too small a type to give general satisfaction. The tendency among authors and publishers is certainly in the direction of shorter stories. One of the principal publishers of novels will not undertake to print a story which contains more than sixty thousand words, and a tale running from forty to fifty thousand words is looked upon with the greatest favor by publishers. They say that in the hurry of this day people want to finish a story at a sitting, and they lose patience with a tale long spun out. It would be impossible for such a series as Dumas' "D'Artagnan" romances to find any sale nowadays. That is what publishers say, but it is not what Mr. Wheeler believes, and the story the librarians of the public libraries tell tends to confirm Mr. Wheeler's conviction. The librarians say that Dumas' prodigiously long romances are among the most eagerly sought books in the libraries. It is too soon to tell whether the length of "The Toilet Cup" is a disadvantage.

Another experiment will be tested by the publication of this book, and that is how far the personal reputation of a writer will go to help the sale of the book. If the name is worth anything Mr. Wheeler's book ought to have considerable sale. It is a question whether the name particularly helps, excepting of course in the case of some established genius like Dumas or Dickens. The novel which has had the largest sale of any story written in recent years was the work of an author whose name was absolutely unknown to the general public, Mr. A. C. Gunder.

E. J. EDWARDS.

SEEN ON A TRAIN.

Travelers Meet with Strange Specimens Now and Then.

(Special Correspondence.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—I boarded the incoming overland train the other day at Colfax. In front of me rested, in an uncoupled seat, a satchel. An elderly woman came along and seated herself in the vacant end of the seat beside the satchel. When the train pulled out a tall man approached the woman, and tapping her on the shoulder said, "Madam, you have got my seat." The woman replied that she would remove his satchel and take the place it occupied. He replied that he wanted his seat. The result was that the old lady got up and the hog sat down and rested his arm against his traveling bag, which occupied a seat he had not paid for. Across the aisle from him sat three eastern ladies whose inexperience as travelers was manifest by their questions.

The man whose rude and selfish treatment of the old lady had rendered him obnoxious to the others in the car began to pay his respects to these ladies. He volunteered to chaperone them when they reached the city and to conduct them to a hotel. This proffered kindness was not warmly welcomed. I changed seats to get on the shaded side of the car, and this brought me near the three women.

One of them asked if I was going to San Francisco. I was. She asked if I would show them the right street car to take them where they wanted to go. I would, with pleasure. The spokeswoman then informed me that she had not seen her husband in seven years; that he had come out here at that time, and she was at last able to join him. She had telegraphed him what train she was on, and if he got the message he would probably meet her. When the train reached Oakland a man entered the car and came through, eying each woman closely. My new made acquaintance saw him. She turned pale and almost fainted. Then she sprang up and cried, "Oh, Fred!" and seized her long absent husband around the neck. The scene was truly pathetic. The two sat with arms around each other until the ferry was reached. The self appointed guardian slunk away and disappeared in the throng. Every passenger in the car was rejoiced at his disappearance.

B. G. W.

What greater thing is there for two human souls than to feel that they are joined for life to strengthen each other in all labor, to rest on each other in all sorrow, to minister to each other in all pain, to be seen with each in silent, unpeaking memory at the moment of the last parting?

Eighty-one Changes.
"This is the season," said a Detroit tailor the other day, "when the average young man concerns himself about his summer suit."

"He is anxious to blossom out in keeping with the gladness of the season. I know one shabby gentile in this city who was figuring on producing the best effect with the least expenditure. How do you suppose he managed?"

"He bought three suits, one black, one blue and one white. He studied the situation out very carefully, and as he saw the wonderful possibilities of three suits a broad smile spread over his face. He tells me he is going to the seashore, and that he is going to manage like this: 'In the morning he will wear his white suit, black vest and black trousers; noon, black coat, white vest and blue trousers; out for a stroll, blue coat, black vest, blue trousers; tennis, white coat, black vest, blue trousers; on the veranda, black coat, blue vest and white trousers, etc.'

"Now, how long do you think this young man can stay at the watering place and never commit the social decoration of appearing twice in the same outfit?"

"Give it up?"

"Well, just eighty-one days. He has nine pieces in his wardrobe, and each piece is capable of nine distinct combinations or eighty-one changes in all. 'Not so bad, is it? Let our impetuous young men stick a pin where it will do the most good. With these suits of clothes a young swell can be a joy and delight to his friends for nearly three long months, a period almost coincident with the whole summer—and no two days alike!'"—Detroit Free Press.

To Blow Up the Iron Gates.

A German syndicate has recently been engaged in preparing to undertake the clearing of the Danube waterway by blowing up the iron gates. By international agreement it was settled at the time of the treaty of Berlin that when the time came Servia should give up the quarries on the banks to whatever company was charged with the work at a nominal valuation. Several hundreds of thousands of cubic meters of stone are needed in order safely to divert the course of the stream during mining and blasting operations.

Upon arriving at Belgrade, however, the German representative found that the government had anticipated him by hastily putting up all the riparian quarries to auction in numerous small lots, and knocking them down to their radical friends. Consequently the company, instead of having to deal with the crown, finds itself face to face with a swarm of individual proprietors, each of whose claims will have to be settled separately. It is believed that the strongest representations will be made to quash the recent auctions, and the company will probably be backed by most European representatives.—Cor. London Standard.

The "Honest" Georgian.

A Georgia man tumbled out of a boat in a river near his home in sight of frenzied friends and disappeared. A body was found in the stream a few weeks later which was identified as his by his family and twenty-seven acquaintances. But the life company in which he was insured felt compelled to withhold payment for a while, and was sued for the amount. Judgment would have gone against the company sure had not the "drowned" man walked into court alive and told how he had dived under the boat, hidden in the bushes on the other side, rifled a grave a few days later for a corpse, which he rigged out with his own clothes and dumped into the water. But his conscience and evident pride in letting his neighbors see the size of the joke he had gotten on them were too much for his cupidity, and he gave the whole snap away.—Chicago Journal.

A Trotter's Wild Break.

A strange and exciting runaway of a horse through a Penn street business place occurred at Reading, Pa. Charles W. Bechtel owned a \$600 spirited trotter, which was standing in front of his clothing house, hitched to a trotting buggy. The animal shied at a bicycle and dashed on the pavement. He dashed into De Witt & Hillegar's leaf tobacco warehouse, a building 200 feet long. He entered by the front door while the place was crowded, and made a mad break for the rear. About the middle of the building he tore loose from the vehicle, cleared an elevator shaft twenty-two feet wide and dashed through the rear door into the street below, a distance of some twenty feet. His progress was only stopped by striking a brick house on the opposite side of the street, crushing in a wall. The animal died three hours later.—Baltimore American.

Biographies Not Examined.

A Davenport paper bears the assertion from parties who probably think they sustain confidential relations to the controller of the elements that the disabilities in Minnesota were the penalty of Sunday desecration. It happened, however, that only people at their homes—one a clergyman—and those returning from religious services were lost, while the fellows out fishing were all saved. The notion that a cyclone or lightning examines biographies before getting in its work is one of the badly emaciated theories of the overly good.—St. Paul Globe.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, are at their seaside home at Elberon. Their country place near Bryn Mawr is open every Thursday for visitors, and often a hundred or more carriages can be seen passing in and out of the gates on a fine Thursday afternoon, giving "Wootton" the appearance of a public park. In addition to the equipages hundreds of persons go on foot.

A poor washerwoman at Fayetteville, Ark., who a few days ago was notified that she had been granted a pension and would receive \$5,000 back pay, was so overcome with joy that she died.

Medical Remembrance.

Judge, jury, lawyers and spectators were treated to an exhibition of professional piggishness in division No. 2 of the circuit court the other afternoon that was decidedly refreshing. The case of H. G. Bouham against the Kansas City Railway company was on trial before Judge Slover. The case is one for \$50,000 damages for injuries sustained in an accident, and considerable medical testimony had to be taken.

A young doctor was put on the stand who was determined to display his learning, and he was successful. When he started off he did so with the easy gait of one who feels he has the nomenclature of his profession at his tongue's end, for every sentence he uttered was so mixed with technical terms that an ordinary person could scarcely understand him. When he took the witness stand he glanced patronizingly at the jury and the rest in the court room, and in answer to the first question rattled off a lot of medical terms that drew the attention of every one in the room. Judge Slover looked at him a moment and then said: "Use plain English, doctor; I know you can if you try."

The witness looked around and said: "Yes, sir; certainly, sir."

"Now, doctor, where did you say Mr. Bouham was injured?"

"On the posterior portion."

"Speak plainly, doctor," admonished the court.

"Well, he suffered a severe contusion of the posterior of the abdomen" (turning to the jury with a familiar wave of his hand). "He was bruised in the rear of the stomach. In other words, his back was hurt."

Judge Slover looked worried while the witness continued to answer another question.

"When I examined him I first removed his clothes, you know, and in feeling him I could determine that the abdominal wall was baggy and tender, and he appeared to be suffering from a touch of the" (here followed a name as long as one's arm), "and the dorsal vertebrae were severely contused. In other words," again turning to the jury with a wave of his hand, "his backbone had been rubbed."

When the witness left the stand every one looked relieved and Judge Slover mopped his brow, for the ordeal made the perspiration flow freely.—Kansas City Times.

Postoffice Detectives' Gallery.

There have recently been many complaints to the postmaster concerning the loss of registered letters in the Philadelphia office, and the officials have been greatly worried by the charges that there were thieves in the service. It has been decided to erect a gallery along the roof of the working room, from which watchmen can look down upon the entire force without being seen from below. This gallery will be eighty feet long, and will depend from the glass and iron ceiling by iron supports. In it there will be frequent small windows with swinging sashes, from which the watchman can see every part of the great room where the stamping and distributing is all done. Here there are 300 men at work at times, and it is impossible to oversee all of them from any other point than above.

The watch is to be kept not alone for the purpose of watching for thefts, but also to see that men do not shirk their work or disturb other clerks by conversation. The gallery will be reached by an iron stairway at its southern end, and at its northern end another iron stairway will ascend to the glass roof. There are two of these roofs, one above the other, and it is necessary for workmen to ascend to the lower one to clean it of dust. There is now no way to reach there except by putting up a ladder. It is said that it is purely for this purpose that the gallery goes up, but there is another use. There has been talk of having such a structure for nearly two years. Assistant Custodian George Painter has been agitating the matter, and has finally succeeded in getting the work done.—Philadelphia Record.

Porpoise Shooting.

Porpoise shooting is the newest sport at Cape May. The seaward end of the pier is the favorite rendezvous for those who want to get a shot at the swiftly moving fish. The marksman must have a steady hand and always be in readiness to shoot, because the movements of the porpoise are so uncertain that one does not have time to raise the gun to the shoulder before they are out of sight beneath the water. The women take as much interest in the sport as the men, and quite a number are out every afternoon perched on the lower deck of the pier, rifle in hand, and waiting for a good chance to shoot. The sport seems to be more in the attempt to capture big game than in successful results, as it is quite rare for one of the fish to be killed and washed up on the shore.—Exchange.

No Peaches This Year.

A letter from Dover, Del., to The Baltimore American says: "A drive through what ought to be the center of the peach belt—lower Kent and upper Sussex counties—will convince any one that the much abused peach liar of this peninsula will have no chance this season, for the reason that there are no peaches to lose about." There are miles and miles of thrifty looking peach orchards wholly destitute of fruit. The buds were killed by cold, sleety rains in the spring.

Midsummer Recreation in Philadelphia. A big crowd gathered around a Ridge avenue oyster saloon yesterday watching a basket of clams in the role of flycatchers. Hungry flies were attracted by hundreds, but venturing too near the open mouths of the bivalves the shells closed on them in an instant.—Philadelphia Press.

Notice to Insurance Companies. This is the time when insurance companies should rank the driver of the trotting horse as an extra hazardous risk. If he is not being killed by a railroad collision, or by somebody taking off the wheel of the sulky on the track, he is being "dumped" in the pools.—Detroit Free Press.

BORN TO BLUSH UNSEEN.

Looking for Work, Information, Cigarettes, or Anything of the Kind.

"No," he said, only he pronounced it "naw," and lingered affectionately over the end of the word. "I ain't workin'. You're city people, ain't you?"

"Yes."

"I suppose you got tired of it?"

"Oh, no; only a change."

"Well, I thought you might o' got tired of it. I'm tired of the country. I was born in the country. I was in the city once."

"Didn't you like it?"

"Yes, I liked it; but I couldn't stay. What I would like would be to get with a family that would board and clothe me. I don't suppose you want me?"

"No, not just at present, thank you."

"You see, I don't care if I didn't work steady. All I care about is to get work one or two days in the summer. I suppose you haven't got any work?"

"Oh, it don't make much difference. I don't suppose you've got any old pants?"

"Not now."

"There is about the best I've got."

"Very sorry."

"What I wanted to ask you about is a story I read about a boy in New York who's 10 years old and only 18 inches high. I'm 8 feet, I guess. Let's see, there's 24 inches in a foot, ain't there?"

"Some people don't think so."

"He ain't a foot high, then. Do you know I can hardly believe that. I suppose there are lots of things in the city which we don't have here?"

"No doubt of it."

"Well, I wouldn't o' believed it if I hadn't read it with my own eyes. Less than a foot—about half a foot, I should have thought over it for awhile."

"Say," he went on, "do you know those people down there?"

"No."

"They're from New York. They just moved in. You don't know 'em?"

"Not yet."

"They're neighbors of yours. You New Yorkers ain't very sociable, are you?"

"Perhaps not."

"Those people there will be leavin', I guess, with a lot of bills behind 'em."

"That's too bad."

"Yes. They owe a dollar and a quarter already in one place that I know. I never owed but five cents, just a nickel for a pipe, and it worried me a good deal. Do you owe anything in this place?"

"You shouldn't ask questions like that."

"Oh, I just wanted to know. Wondered when I found that out about those people. I suppose you work, don't you?"

"Oh, yes."

"In the city?"

"I don't suppose you'd mind tellin' me your business?"

"Well, yes, to be frank with you."

"Nobody around here knows, and we'd like to know."

"That's too bad."

"I don't suppose you want to tell me?"

"Oh, it doesn't make any difference."

"But I guess you ain't goin' to tell me?"

"You are quite right this time."

"I see you've got some berries out there. Would you like to have me peddle 'em? No? I thought you might. They're worth fifteen cents a quart."

"Never mind."

"Say, that's a cigarette, ain't it?"

"It was once."

"It is now, ain't it?"

"It is the end of one."

"I don't suppose you'd care if I picked it up, would you?"

"Not at all."

"I don't suppose you've got a match, have you?"

"Oh, yes; several of them."

"You wouldn't—thank you. Say, is it true that you buy beer by the case?"

"Questions of that kind are not to be answered."

"That's what they say about you."

"Very well."

"I suppose if you got any work you'd give it to a feller, wouldn't you?"

"Perhaps."

"I don't suppose you've got another match? Thank you. Good-by. I'll come in and see you again."—New York Tribune.

Woman's Sphere.

Husband—I hear Mrs. Antliman is to lecture on woman's rights to-night. I suppose you are going, my dear?

Wife—No; I think woman should remain in her own sphere. I am going to accompany you to see that "poor sick friend" you have been sitting up with so much lately. Poor man! I may be of some assistance to him.—Yankee Blade.

A Good Reason.

Sight—How soon do you start on your talk of trip to Europe?

"Why so?"

"Because my wife went and ordered a bonnet for the voyage, and when the milliner's bill came in it took all my money."—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The Professor Worked Hardest.

"How did you get through your examination?" asked one young man of another.

"Oh, well, I didn't have half the trouble that the professor who asked the questions did. He did twice as much talking as I did, and he'll have it all to do over again next year."—Washington Post.

A Cool Explanation.

Boarder—Where is the cool fresh breeze you advertised, old man?

Landlord—It's gone now. You see I advertised in February.—Munsey's Weekly.

No Intelligence There.

"Is this an intelligence office?" asked a stranger, as he looked in at the door.

"No, sir; you couldn't have been further wrong," was the reply of a deliberate spoken, big voiced man. "This is detectives' headquarters."—Washington Post.

Ocular Demonstration.

"I can see now why you advertise rooms for single men," remarked an applicant to the landlady.

"Why?"

"Because the rooms are too small to hold double ones."—Judge.

Prepared to Keep Cool.

He flattered into the drug store with a linen duster, beneath which appeared white trousers and lawn tennis shoes. He didn't have a sign of a collar on and he used his hand as a fan as he sank into a chair.

"Gimme fifty cents worth of muriatic acid, quick," he said.

"What for?" asked the chemist.

"For going to drink it."

"Why, man alive, don't you know it will take the coat off your stomach?"

"That's what I want. I'm wrestling with the weather, I am, and I'm goin' to git the coat off that stomach so quick that it'll be like swallerin' an ice house."—Washington Post.

It Couldn't Be.

"She is a siren, a mermaid, my sea divinity," murmured the enthusiastic lover to his chum.

"Oh, you'll tell a different story after you return to town."

"Never. Our lives will be one long tale of love."

"Then she cannot be a mermaid."

"Why?"

"Because the real mermaid's tail is always short."—Philadelphia Times.

More Conjugal Pleasantries.

Peckson—My dear, I trust you will not be jealous, but really I have not encouraged Bridget's attention. Why should she send me this lock of hair?

Mrs. P. (hysterically)—What! The vixen! A lock of hair! She must have sent it in the mail.

Peckson—Not exactly. She sent it in the soup.—American Grocer.

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PANTS! PANTS!

They have arrived in great quantities. The styles are beautiful and can not help but please the eye. Heavy-weights and middle-weights, stripes, plaids, etc., with prices ranging from 90c to \$7.50. A full assortment of Children's Suits, in all sizes from 4 years up to 14. The prices are in proportion, and you will find them well sewed and made--the essential qualities in a child's suit. All goods are marked in plain figures and that is strictly the price.

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
BENNETT BUILDING.

COAL!

FOR RENT—Three nice rooms in second story flat. Possession immediately. L. FITE.

FOR RENT—A four-room house, No. 1122 North East street; rent cheap. Apply to James Molloy.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms, central location. Price \$10 per month. J. G. LEFFLER, Grocer.

FOR RENT—New house of six rooms, on East South street, for \$10 per month. Inquire at J. K. Rhodes, at shoe store.

FOR RENT—Room, furnished or not furnished, in dwelling on South East street. Apply to Mrs. Margaret Schultz, 308 South East street.

FOR SALE—Good, gentle horse, can be driven by any lady; will sell cheap. Inquire at residence of Dr. Miner, 251 Silver street.

LOST—On or about May 16th, in Marion, O., a note for two hundred dollars, made by L. V. McKesson, of Collins, O., in favor of L. G. Romick. The finder will please return the same to Isaiah Uncapher, of Marion.

LOST—A bundle containing black suit of clothes, shirt, necktie and collar. Clothes have been worn and in pockets letters addressed to Jesse H. Bobout. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at this office.

WANTED—Girl to do housework; German preferred. None but good one need apply. Call on Mrs. G. Leffler, on Greenwood street.

WANTED—Two boys to work on new business. Work light and very interesting. Must leave town. Good pay and expenses. 18 to 20 years old preferred. None but boys of good appearance, genuine business and of good families need apply. P. O. Box 428.

—Cunningham, the plumber.

—Fresh fish at Jeff Osborne's.

—Bring your work to the Marion Steam Laundry.

—Order your screen doors at Prendergast's, now and save money.

—Watermelons on ice at Jeff Osborne's market, north Main street.

—Don't fail to try Chase & Sanborn's teas.

—Fresh watermelons on ice.

—The Odd Fellows will work the initiatory degree next Monday evening.

—Nearly all goods in the grocery line are advancing, but Nelson's Cash Grocery is selling at old prices.

—Fancy French prunes and new evaporated apricots.

—The Crestline Advocate pauses to remark: "The Marion Weekly Star continues to shine brighter with each issue."

—That tired feeling now so often heard of, is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives mental and bodily strength.

—A new semaphore has been placed at the junction by the Erie. It is to be used as a signal for orders or a clear track for that road.

—See Prendergast at once if you wish to buy your winter's supply of hard or soft coal. Their prices are extremely low.

183-1f

Base Ball Bats

—AND—

Masks and Gloves!

ON BALANCE OF STOCK OF

CROQUET SETS!

Very Low Prices. Complete Sets for 55c.

C. G. WILANT

183-1f

183-1f

183-1f

183-1f

183-1f

AT LOW PRICES

L. B. GURLEY'S.

OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.

TELEPHONE, NO. 97.

—Frank Smith, of Piqua, is the guest of his brother, Will, here.

—Rev. Father Conley, of LaRue, spent Thursday night in this city.

—Night Yardmaster Victor, of the C. and A. and Erie roads, has resigned.

—Grant Williams has returned from a two days' visit with his parents at Lima.

—W. Torrens, of Springfield, was combining business with pleasure here today.

—H. V. Otto, of Meade, Kansas, was in the city a few days, the guest of Miss Ella Ewart.

—Frank Robinson, of Chicago, Ill., is visiting the family of P. R. Stouffer, on George street.

—Messrs. McMillen and Mooney, two Mt. Gilead business men, were in the city Thursday.

—Mrs. Roy Kennedy left today for Marion, where she will make a visit with her parents.

—Miss Helen A. Vose left today for Lynn, Mass., where she will spend a portion of the summer.

—R. H. Johnson and wife left Thursday for Lebanon, Pa., to remain a couple weeks among friends.

—Mrs. Taylor, of Sidney, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Search, on West Center street.

—Harry Thompson is reported quite seriously ill with an attack of fever, at his home, on North East street.

—H. J. Clemens, Huber agent for Northern Indiana, was in the city conferring with the company today.

—Mrs. Keiler and Mrs. Mame Copeland have gone East, expecting to visit Boston, New York and other cities.

—Jim Criswell has returned from Columbus as important as a king and reports everything all right about the state house.

—The Misses Eva, Ollie and Ida Barnhart have gone to Boston, from which city they will visit various other eastern places.

—Misses Carrie Turney and Stella Wilson returned home this morning from an extended visit with friends at Des Moines, Iowa.

—Mr. Etherton has resigned his place as watchman of the center street crossing of the C. H. V. and T. Will Overly has taken the place.

—Mrs. W. H. Kiser, of Wapakoneta, and Mrs. Hassong, of Chillicothe, who have been visiting here, left today for Galion, to remain a few days.

—The Misses Emma and Flora Cunningham left this morning for New York, Boston and other points East, to visit relatives and friends for a few weeks.

—T. P. Wallace has returned home from Put-in-Bay, after a week's absence, spent in enjoying the exhilarating lake breezes while free from business cares.

—W. H. Smith, Jr., accompanied by his brother, Charlie Wilson, are off on a fishing trip today. The boys are selling pools on the number of gallons of bait they will use.

—Mrs. Turney received a message Thursday that her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Moses, of Topeka, Kansas, was dangerously ill, and she started for that place Thursday evening.

—The Misses Stokes, who have been the guests of the Misses Harte, have gone to Bellefontaine to spend a month. They will stop at Marion on their return East, in September.

—Geo. D. Copeland and wife left at noon today for a trip to Boston.

—John Krause, a son of Sam Krause, is seriously ill with scarlet fever.

—Miss Maud Hassong, of Chillicothe, is the guest of Miss Jennie Terpany.

—Miss Helen Davis has arrived home after a very pleasant visit at Geneseo, Ill.

—Mrs. H. M. Nelson, of Findlay, is the guest of M. Nelson and family, on South East street.

—Bailey Hord left Thursday night for Buffalo, N. Y., where he went to see Scioto Girl pace, today.

—Dr. A. J. Brackett was down from Cleveland Thursday attending the monthly meeting of the Huber directors.

—Mrs. James Graney and daughter, Gertrude, of Columbus, are visiting Mrs. Graney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Greaney.

—Mrs. A. D. Matthews has returned from Lakeside after a three week's stay. Mrs. Matthews is not enjoying the best of health.

—Wilson Imbody arrived home from Buffalo, where he had been with a shipment of stock, this morning. Mr. Imbody saw the races Thursday and has no hesitancy in saying there were some flyers there. Scioto Girl paced today.

—An unknown man, who was beating his way on a C. and A. freight train, fell between the cars at Kenton, Thursday evening, and was instantly killed. He was about 35 years of age. No clew has been found as to his identity or where he was from.

—W. H. Falk, who has been clerking in J. R. Harshberger's store, expects to take a vacation of about two weeks and then commence teaching in the Uncapher district where he has been engaged as teacher for a number of terms. Mr. Harshberger says he was well pleased with Will's work while with him, which speaks well for this gentleman.

—The labor meeting at the City Hall Thursday evening was attended by quite a large crowd. Speakers from various places were expected to be here, but failed to come, and several rousing speeches were made from labor advocates of this place. It was decided to organize an association here of all classes of laborers. The membership will be a large one from the start and the work of organizing is now going on.

—Charles E. Wiley, who has been day clerk at Hotel Marion for the past five years, has tendered his resignation to Mr. Richardson and will soon step out of the position he has so creditably filled and in which he has made so many friends. During Mr. Wiley's clerkship his railroad ticket brokerage has grown to be quite extensive and he will devote his time exclusively to that business in the future. He will doubtless remain here, but will enjoy a vacation before going actively at work again.

—Says Monday's Commercial Gazette: "Not only the public generally, but the politicians seem to be unaware that in November the decennial state board of equalization are to be elected."

—The state board of equalization shall consist of as many members as comprises the state senate chosen at the last previous election of members of the general assembly, and representing the same districts, all of whom shall have the qualification of electors. Accordingly, there will be thirty-six members of the state board of equalization to elect. Hamilton county will have three to elect. The salary is five dollars a day for about five months. The board must meet on the second Tuesday in December.

—Marion Miller, residing east of LaRue, died at 8 o'clock this morning of typhoid fever. Deceased was aged about 35 years.

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—Frank Kirchmer, the son of M. Kirchmer, the groceryman, died at the home of his father, on North West street, Thursday afternoon, at the age of 17 years. He had been sick about a week with typhoid fever, and the disease took a dangerous turn within the last day or two, and death resulted from hemorrhage of the lungs.

Death comes particularly sad to the parents and friends of one so young, just in the flush of youth and ambition, when bright hopes for his future were sustained in the hearts of those who loved him. Frank was a pleasant young gentleman, a particular favorite among his associates, and very much respected by those who come in daily contact with him. He held the position of assistant cashier at Fahey's bank and his character for integrity and industry was fully established in the confidence of his employer.

He had not as yet completed his schooling, it is understood, and was a student of St. Mary's Catholic schools, among whose scholars he was one of the brightest and most beloved. The church also loses a young but ardent adherent in his death.

The funeral is announced to take place at 2 o'clock p.m. on Sunday.

Real Estate Transfers.

Jesse S. Geddis to Henry Billett, lot 33 in Three Locusts, \$13.13.

Jesse S. Geddis to Edward Billett, lot 32 in Three Locusts, \$16.

J. Concklin to Eunice C. Covert, 270 acres in Salt Rock tp., \$15,000.

Henry Strauber and others to Margaret J. Grubb, 64 acres in Montgomery tp., \$1.

George J. Bippus to Emily C. Mayfield, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6 in Clifton, \$460.

Margaret Hoffman to Peter Versoi, 314 acres in Big Island tp., \$500.

J. Concklin to Eunice C. Covert, 291 acres in Marion tp., \$2000.

Elmer J. Stanley to John Hanley, 11 acres in Caledonia, \$200.

David Seckel to John Hanley, 5 acres in Caledonia corporation, \$800.

C. C. P. Ruth to Augustine Moser, 20 acres in Richland tp., \$1000.

John Wheeler to Noah and Belle Gast, lot 185 in Prospect, \$75.

Charlotte Smith to Levi Wottring, lot 224 in Prospect, \$1400.

J. D. and J. B. Guthery to David Williams, 1/2 acre in Marion corporation, \$4000.

W. W. Concklin, by Jonas Concklin, to Eunice C. Covert, lot 234 in Marion, \$2680.

Louvinia Krause to John Foster, lot 1398 in Marion, \$425.

C. W. Leffler to Joseph Schneider, lot 1222 in Marion, \$450.

M. B. Chase to Samuel Crossen, lot 862 in Marion, \$4000.

The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number. (Lafayette Ind. Journal.)

It has been acknowledged that thoughtful men and women derive great benefit from the practical experience of others. This is certainly true, inasmuch as people of nice tastes, battling with a limited income, must possess a strong vein of practical common sense, which, in cases of emergency, predominates, and insures a conservatism of action in providing for those of their own household. It is in such homes, and among this class of people, we discover that which results in "the greatest good to the greatest number," viz: Dr. Humphreys' Manual and Family Specifics. There being no large bank account, with which to liquidate a doctor's long bill for winter's attendance, the mother and housekeeper feels it incumbent upon her to become in a measure—hundreds of times with the most marvelous success—not only her own physician, but the able adviser of her neighbors. She notes the symptoms of croup, worm fever or measles in her children, the hollow cough, Bronchitis or incipient consumption in the husband or friend, and consulting her Manual, administers the prescribed Specific with remarkable and gratifying success. No wonder the unvarying testimony in favor of Humphreys' Specifics, that they are simple, mild and efficient. See advertisement.

—Marion Miller, residing east of LaRue, died at 8 o'clock this morning of typhoid fever. Deceased was aged about 35 years.

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THE ADVENTISTS' CAMP.

More Arrivals and a Busy Day—Preparations for the Sabbath.

Everything appears to be going off nicely at the Adventist camp ground, located just east of the city. Each train brings additional arrivals to this annual state meeting of a rather peculiar but interesting people. Still more are expected today. Although the regular meeting of the encampment will not begin until next week, Tuesday, meetings are being held quite regularly already. The meeting in progress at present is styled a workers' meeting, and between the preliminary meetings everybody is busy preparing the ground and arranging things for the camp meeting proper. A sufficient number of delegates from the various churches throughout the state had, however, arrived, so that a session of the conference was called this forenoon at 9 o'clock, and some business transacted. A more complete account of this and other meetings that may be held during the day and evening will appear in tomorrow's issue, together with a cut of the entire encampment. Today is "Preparation day" with the Adventists, which means that tomorrow they observe as the Sabbath. Of their services, doctrines, methods of work, and peculiarities of belief the Star will have full reports as the meeting progresses.

FRANK KIRCHNER DEAD.

At the Age of Seventeen Years the Much-Loved Young Man Passes from Life.

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WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather; warmer; southerly winds.

FALL DRESS GOODS!

Every lady knows that there are advantages in selecting a dress early, in getting first choice. Many imported novelties can not be found later in the season. We are opening dress goods almost daily. Our buyer is now in New York securing the newest and most desirable goods in the market. JUST OPENED, an immense line of French serges and camels hair at popular prices.

Warner & Edwards

BARGAINS

DRESS GOODS

Ginghams, White Goods, Flouncings, Crashes,

Muslins and Table Linens,

In fact every remnant in our store will be placed on the counter and sold regardless of cost.

D. A. FRANK & CO.,

Masonic Block.

—Watermelons on ice at Jeff Osborne's market, north Main street.

—A complete line of staple and fancy groceries at Nelson's Cash Grocery. Prices always the lowest.

—Fresh Salamance blackberries in the morning. If you want any for canning call early. Moore & Dedrick.

—We will have tomorrow plenty of fancy sweet corn, home grown tomatoes, cheap, a wagon load of fresh nutmeg melons, black and huckleberries, sour and sweet apples, new sweet potatoes, grapes, California peaches and pears, extra nice celery, etc.

—A special G. A. R. train will be run via the Big Four to Boston Saturday, Aug. 9th, 1890, leaving Marion at 9:55 p.m. Fare for round trip \$14. Train will arrive at Niagara Falls next morning, visit the numerous places of interest at that point and leave at 5 p.m. Sunday, Aug. 10th, arriving at Boston at 7:30 a.m. next day. Tickets good returning until Sept. 30th, 1890.

The Niagara Excursion.

Remember the "Big 4" excursion for \$4 allows privilege of stopping at Lake Chautauqua, and a visit to Toronto for a dollar more, or Thousand Islands for only \$5 more. Trains leave Marion at 7:33 p.m. August 19th and returning leave the Falls at 8:30 p.m., August 21st, while those desiring longer limit have the privilege of returning on all regular trains within five days from date of sale.